EFFECT OF METHODS APPLICATION AND Premagram Gold CONCENTRACTION HERBICIDE ON GROWTH AND YIELD OF (Zea mayes L) CORN AND ACCOMPANYING WEEDS

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ABSTRACT

The experiment was carried out in as spring agricultural seasons (2011) at two locations: Field Crops Dept research station / University of Tikrit Aldabsaa / Salahaldeen provance . The study was included two factors, the effect methods application (Conventional, Herbe-4), and the Premagram gold concentrations (2, 4, 6 L/ha) & control treatment was added. The data were analysed according to the RCBD, using Duncan test. The number of weeds and dry thier weights significant decreased at Aldabsaa location as compared those obtaind with Algadesea location Aldabsa location increase in hight plant, weight of 500 grains, yield, biological yield compare with Algadesea location. All characters be did not differ significant whether the herbicide applied As the conent of herbicide increased the number of weeds & their dry weight, highly increased as with untreatment plants ,All herbicides with different concentration did not show any effect on the dry weight of 500 grain & biological yield between the all herbicide concentration. The interactions between locations and application affect on plant height, yield of plant, Wight of 500 grain and biological yield, while their interactions were not significant on No of weed & dry weights, The interaction between locations and herbicide concentrations, and between methods application with herbicide concentrations and the interactions between the three factors significantly affected all characters .non significant between all factors of affect on oil percent.

Key words: Corn, Herbicide, Premagram Gold, Grain Yield, Weeds.